



## TOWN OF GREENWICH

Town Hall • 101 Field Point Road, P.O. Box 2540 • Greenwich, CT 06836

### REGISTRAR OF VOTERS

Sharon B. Vecchiolla  
(203) 622-7890  
(203) 622-7707

### REGISTRAR OF VOTERS

Fred DeCaro III  
(203) 622-7889  
(203) 622-6497

March 6, 2009

Representative Olivia R. Floren  
210 Round Hill Road  
Greenwich, CT 06831

Dear Representative Floren,

Thank you for taking the time to speak with me after the February RTC meeting a few weeks ago regarding Election Day Registration. I appreciate your explanation regarding your previous support of "EDR". And I recognize this is based both on the best intentions to make sure every citizen has the opportunity to vote, as well as confidence that the Voter Registration and canvass procedures in this state work.

At the RTC meeting, you mentioned that perhaps 20% of the legislation proposed to the General Assembly each year is to correct errors and omissions in previous laws. I believe that EDR compounds previous errors, and these flaws in the system need to be fixed prior to implementation of any form of EDR.

Below is a simple six-step process on how an individual or a group like ACORN can quite easily fool the State of CT voter registration process, and continue to vote forever, avoiding any possibility of ever being caught once you are on. The basic roadmap on how to do this is pulled from a one page flow chart provided on the Secretary of State's website.<sup>1</sup>

1. Mail in voter registration card and give any bona fide address in Greenwich. On the voter registration card, do not fill in box 4, and fill in box 6, alternate mailing address. Do not submit any identification with your application. In the State of CT, you never have to provide photo identification at any point during the registration or voting process. Instead, white out a utility bill and enter your phony bona fide address. See attached samples "B" and "C".

<sup>1</sup> <http://www.sots.ct.gov/sots/LIB/sots/ElectionServices/HAVA/HavaPDF/FirstTimeVoterRegistration.pdf> Attached as Sample "A"

2. The Registrars of Voters will send back the "welcome letter" to your mailing address, not your bona fide address.<sup>2</sup> Congratulations, you are now listed as an active voter.

When you are ready to cast your vote:

3. Go to your designated polling place without any id, and sign a slip of paper called an "affidavit in lieu of identification"

Or, for added convenience:

4. Fill out an absentee ballot request. Have it mailed to your designated mailing address. Do not send in any photo id (not required). Town Clerk will mail you a ballot. Cast your vote.
5. Do not worry about the annual canvass performed by Registrars of Voters. Most Registrars use the optional NCOA (National Change of Address) method allowed under state statute. If you never file a change of address form with the post office, you will never be noticed. Continue to vote.

Or

6. If your Registrars do send a canvass card, throw it away. Instructions from the Secretary of State's office specifically state that Registrars may not use a non-response to a canvass as a method to put you on the inactive list.<sup>3</sup>

As you can see from the above, voter registration fraud is not only easy to perform, but it is virtually impossible to discover once someone gets on the active voter rolls.

In the case of election day registration, the current bill<sup>4</sup> compounds the flaws in the existing system. Section 1(d) of the bill says registrars shall send a confirmation to the residential

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<sup>2</sup> Double-checked with Ted Bromley, attorney with the Office of the Secretary of the State, on 3/6/09. Registrars are instructed to send the welcome letter to the mailing address, not the bona fide address.

<sup>3</sup> "If the canvass shows by positive information (for example, if the canvass-by-mail comes back marked "undeliverable by the Post Office) that the elector no longer lives at the address (and there is no indication that he moved within town), and the Registrars determine that he moved out of town, the Registrars send a Notice of Confirmation of Voting Residence, and after thirty days, place the name on the inactive registry list for four years. (A Notice of Confirmation of Voting Residence may not be sent when the only information that you have concerning whether a person has moved is a failure to respond to a canvass-by-mail which was delivered by the Post Office)." Excerpted from page 2 of the January 15, 2009 memorandum to all Registrars of Voters from Staff Attorney Ted Bromley and Secretary of State Susan Bysiewicz.

"We remind you that during the canvass, if you mail a canvass-by-mail between January 1<sup>st</sup> and May 1<sup>st</sup> and receive back nothing from the Post Office and nothing from the elector, such person's name must be left on the active registry and enrollment lists, unless you receive additional information from a canvass in person, or a telephone canvass, during such period that he has moved, in which case you can then send a Notice of Confirmation of Voting Residence between January 1, 2009 and May 1, 2009." Excerpted from page 2 of the January 15, 2009 memorandum to all Registrars of Voters from Staff Attorney Ted Bromley and Secretary of State Susan Bysiewicz. See Attached Sample D

<sup>4</sup> Raised Bill No. 6435, also known as LCO No. 3272, or \*03272\_\_\_GAB\*

address of each applicant who is admitted as an elector on election day under this section. This contradicts the current procedure as double-checked with the Secretary of State's office, and it is not how the State Voter Registration computer system works in practice.

There are two serious flaws in the state system, in my opinion. The first is the procedures that allow a voter to never show any form of voter id. This is an interpretation of the federal Help America Voters Act, but is by no means the only one. Several states have established Photo ID requirements since HAVA was passed in 2002, and even when challenged they have held up in federal court. I include attached to this letter a copy of the poster displayed in Indiana polling places.

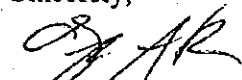
The second flaw is that Registrars are prevented from using the annual canvass as a method to thoroughly verify the bona fide residence of voters. As noted in footnote 3, Registrars are specifically cautioned not to send a Notice of Confirmation of Voting Residence (NCVR) to citizens if they fail to respond. The NCVR is a required step in placing a voter on the inactive list, which forces a basic id check (again, this could be a utility bill) if and when they return to the polls. The current system allows someone to throw away the canvass, and leaves a registrar powerless to do anything about it. And that is exactly what 1 in 4 active voters in Greenwich do.

In conclusion, I would ask at minimum that before we place requirements for Election Day Registration and the costs associated with it on the municipalities and further compound the possibility of voter fraud, the following items should be corrected in state statutes and procedures:

1. Mandate that the state Voter Registration procedures and the CVRS system require that the "Voter Acceptance Letter" sent when an individual registers be sent to their "bona fide address", and not their mailing address.
2. Require photo ID at the polls. Florida, Indiana, Hawaii, Louisiana, Missouri, and South Dakota have this provision, among others.
3. Allow registrars to use the tools available in order to appropriately clean their voter lists. This would include allowing a registrar to send a Notice of Confirmation of Voting Residence (NCVR) to citizens if they fail to respond to the canvass.

Thank you for your consideration of this matter.

Sincerely,

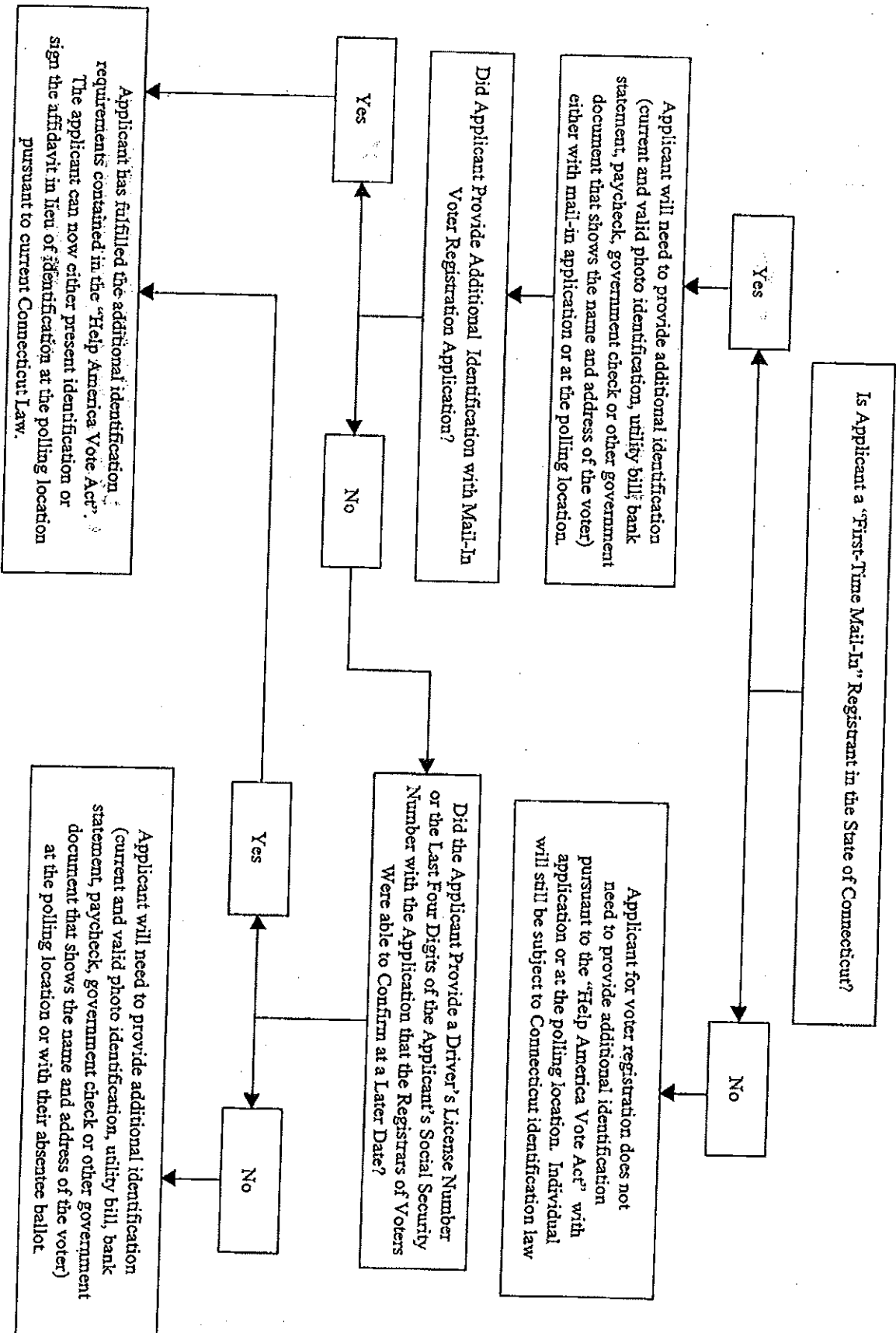


Fred A. DeCaro III  
Registrar of Voters

cc: Senator Scott Frantz  
Representative Lile Gibbons  
Representative Fred Camillo  
Sharon Vecchiolla, Registrar of Voters

Sample A

Office of Secretary of the State  
First-Time Mail-In Voter Registration Pursuant to the "Help America Vote Act or 2002, P.L. 107-252"





# STATE OF CONNECTICUT MAIL-IN VOTER REGISTRATION

ED-871  
REV. 9/06  
(CGS §9-23g)

## ■ YOU MAY USE THIS EASY FORM TO:

- register to vote in Connecticut
- change your name and/or address on current registration
- enroll in a political party or change party enrollment (Changing parties may result in losing rights in all parties for 3 months)

**IMPORTANT!** Keep your voter record up to date

## ■ REGISTRATION INSTRUCTIONS:

1. Fill in all boxes that apply to you on this application.
2. Place a first-class stamp on the application card, fold, and mail it to the town hall where you live (or deliver it to your town hall or voter registration agency).
3. You are not a voter until your application is approved by the Registrar of Voters.
4. You should receive a confirmation within 3 weeks. If you do not, contact the Registrar in your town hall.
5. If (1) you submit this form by mail and (2) you are for the first time in town, you may wish to include with this application your driver's license number, the last four digits of your social security number, a copy of a current and valid photo I.D., a copy of a current utility bill, bank statement, check, paycheck, or government document showing your name and address, in order to avoid additional I.D. requirements the first time you vote.

## ■ TO REGISTER TO VOTE IN CONNECTICUT

### YOU MUST:

- be a United States citizen;
- be a resident of a Connecticut town;
- be at least 17 years old (must turn 18 primary/election day); see section 11
- have completed confinement and parole if convicted of a felony.

Sample B

## ■ IF YOU MOVE:

You must fill out a new voter registration card if you have moved to a new town. Also, use this form to change address within town. (See section 1a and section 10 below)

## ■ QUESTIONS?

Call your local Registrar of Voters or the Secretary of the State at (800) 540-3764 or (860) 509-6100 (TDD, 800-303-3161)

## ■ REGISTRATION DEADLINES FOR NEW VOTERS:

**PRIMARY:** Your application must be postmarked by the **5th day before a primary** (OR received by your Registrar of Voters or a voter registration agency by the **5th day before a primary**). You may apply in person to your town clerk or registrar until 12:00 noon on the last business day before a primary.  
**ELECTION:** Your application must be postmarked or received by a voter registration agency by the **14th day before an election** (OR you may register in person with your Registrar of Voters by the **7th day before an election**).

FOLD ----- PLEASE USE PEN - PRINT CLEARLY ----- FOLD

<b>1a Check Boxes that Apply:</b>		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> New Voter Registration (includes move to a new town)	<input type="checkbox"/> Address Change (within the same town)	<input type="checkbox"/> Name Change	<input type="checkbox"/> Party Enrollment Change
<b>1b Are you a U.S. citizen?</b> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> YES <input type="checkbox"/> NO		<b>Will you be 18 on or before election day?</b> <input type="checkbox"/> YES <input type="checkbox"/> NO		If you checked "NO" to either of these questions, do not complete this form.	
<b>2 Name of Applicant</b>		<b>Last Name</b>		<b>First Name</b>	<b>Middle Name or Initial</b>
Mr. Mrs. Miss Ms.		De Caro		Fred	A
<b>3 Date of Birth</b> (Month Day Year)		<b>4 CT Driver's License Number</b> (if none, last 4 digits of Soc. Sec. No.)	<b>5 Address Where You Live</b>		
1/14/21			No., Street, Apt. # 123 Main Street		
			Town Greenwich Zip 06830 State Connecticut		
<b>6 If Different, Address Where You Get Your Mail</b> (P.O. Box, etc.)		<b>7 Telephone Number (optional)</b>		<b>8 Gender</b>	
1155 East Putnam Avenue, Suite 110, Riverside CT		06830		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Male <input type="checkbox"/> Female	
<b>9 Do you wish to enroll in a political party?</b>		<b>10 NAME OR ADDRESS CHANGE Previous Voting Address (if none, write "NONE")</b>			
<input type="checkbox"/> YES, Name of party: Republican Democrat Other: _____		No, Street, Apt. # _____			
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> NO. I do not wish to enroll in a party at this time.		Town _____ County _____ State _____			
<b>11 I swear or affirm that:</b>		<b>12 Would you like to work at the Polls on Election Day?</b>			
• I am a U.S. Citizen		<input type="checkbox"/> YES			
• I live at the address shown in box 5 above		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> NO			
• I am at least 17 years old					
• I have not been convicted of a disfranchising felony, or if so, I have been released from confinement and, if applicable, parole					
• The information provided here is true					
Signature _____		Today's Date: 3/6/09			
<b>THIS SECTION COMPLETED ONLY BY AGENCY (OR SPECIAL ASSISTANT REGISTRAR OR TOWN CLERK)</b>					
<b>THIS SECTION COMPLETED ONLY BY REGISTRAR OF VOTERS</b>					
DATE RECEIVED BY REGISTRAR		REGISTRAR INITIAL		APPLICATION IS HERE BY:	
				<input type="checkbox"/> ACCEPTED <input type="checkbox"/> REJECTED <input type="checkbox"/> NOTICE RETURNED UNDELIVERABLE	
DATE ENROLLMENT EFFECTIVE IF CHANGING PARTY		REASON FOR REJECTION			

Sample C

Please detach this stub and return it with your check made payable to CL&P. Save a stamp by paying online at [www.cl-p.com](http://www.cl-p.com). Please consider adding a \$1 for Operation Fuel to your payment.



**Connecticut  
Light & Power**

The Northeast Utilities System

Account Number  
61637523044

Statement date  
Feb 8, 2009

Total amount now due  
\$180.92

Amount Enclosed

180.92

The "Total amount now due" must be received by Mar 8, 2009  
to avoid a 1.00 % late payment charge.

FRED DECARO  
123 MAIN STREET  
GREENWICH CT 06830-1224

PAID 2/21/09  
Connecticut Light & Power  
PO Box 150493  
Hartford, CT 06115-0493



Office of Secretary of the State  
State of Connecticut  
P.O. Box 150470, Hartford, CT 06115-0470

Sample D

Susan E. Gorman  
Secretary of the State

Deputy Secretary of the State

January 15, 2009

TO: ALL REGISTRARS OF VOTERS

Re: Canvass of Electors to Ascertain Changes of Residence

Canvass Requirement

Conn. Gen. Stat. Sec. 9-32 requires the registrars of each town holding a November 3, 2009 election to conduct a canvass of electors (1) in person, (2) by mail, or the National Change of Address (NCOA) system of the U.S. Postal Service, (3) by telephone, or (4) a combination of such methods.

Under Conn. Gen. Stat. Sec. 9-32, the towns of Andover, Bethany, Bolton, Naugatuck, Union and Woodbridge need not conduct a canvass in 2009 because they hold town elections in May. All other towns must conduct a canvass in 2009 because they hold town elections in November.

The towns of Cheshire, Groton, Killingly, Litchfield, Milford, Newtown, Old Saybrook and Storington must conduct a canvass in 2009, but because they have boroughs or cities which have May elections we suggest that they wait until May 1, 2009, the last day allowed in Conn. Gen. Stat. Sec. 9-36 to mail out their Notices of Confirmation of Voting Residence. In this way, the canvass will be effective only for the town election in November.

Time of the Canvass

Conn. Gen. Stat. Sec. 9-32 requires that the canvass be conducted between January 1st and May 1st. However, you may choose a canvass by mail. The canvass by mail should be conducted between January 1st and May 1st because Regs. Conn. State Agencies, Secs. 9-32-3 and 9-32-4 allow voters time to file a challenge and under Sec. 9-35, May 1st is the last day to send out a Notice of Confirmation of Voting Residence.

Time of Notice of Confirmation of Voting Residence

May we remind you that under Conn. Gen. Stat. Sec. 9-36, in 2009 the Notice of Confirmation of Voting Residence may only be sent out between January 1, 2009 and May 1, 2009 on the basis of information obtained in the canvass.

On rare occasions a Notice of Confirmation of Voting Residence may be sent anytime during the year if your Notice of Absence (FD-672) or a Mail-In Voter Registration Card is returned undeliverable.

Regulations

The following is a list of all present regulations relating to canvass of electors in Connecticut.

Regs. Conn. State Agencies

§ 9-32-1 thru  
§ 9-32-3 thru 8  
§ 9-32-9

Context

Canvass by Mail  
Canvass by Telephone  
Removal of Name (canvass by mail or telephone)



To: All Registrars of Voters  
January 16, 2009  
Page 2

Sections 9-32 and 9-38, as amended by P.A. 94-121, supersede these canvass regulations as follows:

1. Registrars no longer need to perform two checks before sending a Notice of Confirmation of Voting Residence on the basis of a canvass (but Registrars may, if they wish, perform a second check).
2. Registrars cannot, on the basis of a canvass, remove a name completely from a registry list for non-residence unless the elector confirms in writing that he has moved out of town.
3. If the canvass shows by positive information (for example, if the canvass-by-mail comes back, marked "undeliverable" by the Post Office) that the elector no longer lives at the address (and there is no indication that he moved within town) and if the Registrars determine that he moved out of town, the Registrars send a Notice of Confirmation of Voting Residence, and after thirty days, place the name on the inactive registry list for four years. (A Notice of Confirmation of Voting Residence may not be sent when the only information that you have concerning whether a person has moved is a failure to respond to a canvass-by-mail which was delivered by the Post Office.)

**Example:**

- Canvass-by-mail mailed before April 1st
- Notice of Confirmation of Voting Residence sent May 1st
- Removal to inactive list on June 1st for the period June 1, 2009 - June 1, 2013
- On June 1, 2013, if name is still on the inactive list, it is removed completely from the active and inactive registry list

**Canvass in Person or by Telephone**

If you choose to canvass in person, please see Regs. Conn. State Agencies Secs. 9-32-9 and Conn. Gen. Stat. Secs. 9-32 and 9-35. With regard to canvass by telephone, please study Regs. Conn. State Agencies Secs. 9-32-6 through 9-32-9. We remind you that, effective 2000, Sec. 9-32 was amended to delete the authorization for the registrars to request Social Security numbers during the canvass; therefore, registrars may not ask for Social Security numbers during the canvass. Section 9-32 further provides that no Social Security number obtained by the registrars during the canvass prior to 2000 may be disclosed to the public or to any governmental agency.

**Notice of Canvass-by-Mail**

If you choose to canvass by mail, please see Conn. Gen. Stat. Secs. 9-32 and 9-35, and regulations related thereto, especially Secs. 9-32-1 through 9-32-4 and Sec. 9-32-9.

Enclosed is the prescribed text for the Notice of Canvass for use by municipalities that conduct their annual canvass by mail. We remind you that, effective 2000, Sec. 9-32 was amended to delete the authorization for the registrars to request Social Security numbers during the canvass; therefore, registrars may not ask for Social Security numbers during the canvass. Section 9-32 further provides that no Social Security number obtained by the registrars during the canvass prior to 2000 may be disclosed to the public or to any governmental agency. You must supply yourself with canvass-by-mail forms. There is no change in the canvass-by-mail form since we sent it to you on March 12, 2002.

Use of the Notice of Canvass is mandatory with respect to any canvass-by-mail and it must be printed in English and Spanish in those municipalities which have 1% or more Hispanic population as explained below. Please note the following regulation (Sec. 9-32-2) relating to this notice which requires that the Notice of Canvass be sent by first-class mail, and provides: "The registrars shall include with the notice a postage paid envelope for the return of the notice, or the notice may be in the form of a post card which is returnable postage paid (emphasis added)." You are free to use either method as long as the substance of the notice is included on your form and the postage is prepaid.



To: All Registrars of Voters  
January 15, 2009  
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The language of the Notice of Canvass, used in a canvass-by-mail, may not be altered since it is prescribed by regulation. Therefore, if you wish to include information concerning voting districts and/or location of polling places as a part of your canvass, such information may only be included in the nonpartisan literature which our office will soon send to registrars of towns holding November elections.

Please note that the Post Office Box and Date of Birth are optional. If you choose to enter each voter's Date of Birth and/or Post Office Box, we recommend that you have the printer include each phrase, but omit the word "optional" from the text. If you choose not to use Post Office Box and/or Date of Birth, we recommend that you omit each entirely, including omission of the word "optional".

All municipalities in which 1% or more of their total population, but no less than 500 persons, as reflected on the latest known extrapolations from the Director of the Census, are of Hispanic origin (hereinafter referred to as municipalities with a significant Hispanic population) must print the Notice of Canvass in English and Spanish, in accordance with Regs. Conn. State Agencies Sec. 9-32-3. All other municipalities may use the English version only. Attached is a list of all municipalities in which 1% or more of their total population, but no less than 500 persons, are of Hispanic origin.

#### National Change of Address System (NCOA)

Sec. 9-32 provides that upon agreement of both registrars, the National Change of Address system of the U.S. Postal Service may be used instead of the canvass-by-mail. The U.S. Postal Service developed the NCOA system to reduce undeliverable mail. The system uses a computerized file (updated nightly) containing changes of address records from the Post Office. Services are provided to users (including registrars) through approximately 25 licensees; corporations whose pricing structures vary. The NCOA system can only be used in towns which have a computerized registry list, and there may be a minimum size list which is cost effective. The registry list may be submitted to the licensee in virtually any electronic medium (disk, tape, etc.) and in virtually any format. The licensee (1) standardizes and Zip+4 codes all addresses submitted; (2) electronically compares the registry list against its changes of address; and (3) returns a computer tape of all changes of address; this computer tape can be processed to carry out a mailing (for example, to send Notices of Confirmation of Voting Residence to persons who moved out of town).

Additional information may be obtained from:

National Address Information Center  
6000 Primacy Parkway, Suite 101  
Memphis, Tennessee 38188-0001  
Tel: 1-(800)-238-3150

National Clearinghouse on Election Admin.  
Federal Election Commission  
999 E. St., N.W., Washington, D.C. 20463  
Tel: 1-(800)-424-9630 (NCOA Report #4)

(You may also wish to contact the Registrars of Voters Association)

If you make a change of address on the registry list within town solely on the basis of NCOA, the NVRA and Conn. Gen. Stat. § 9-35 require that you send the elector a Notice of Change by forwardable mail and a postage prepaid, pre-addressed return form by which the elector may verify or correct the address information. We are enclosing for this purpose another copy of suggested Form ED-683, Notice-Voting Address Changed Within Town (Rev. 11/97). Suggested Form ED-683 is only required to be sent if you use the NCOA System and the NCOA System notifies you that there is a change of address within your town.

#### Notice of Confirmation of Voting Residence (ED-642)

The prescribed form for the Notice of Confirmation of Voting Residence (ED-642), in both English and Spanish, will be forwarded with a separate letter. The form for this ED-642 has not been amended.

To: All Registrars of Voters  
January 15, 2009  
Page 1

We remind you that during the canvass, if you mail a canvass by mail between January 1st and May 1st and receive back nothing from the Post Office and nothing from the elector, such person's name must be left on the active registry and enrollment lists, unless you receive additional information from a canvass in person or a telephone canvass, during such period that he has moved, in which case you can then send a Notice of Confirmation of Voting Residence between January 1, 2009 and May 1, 2009.

**Notice of Removal (ED-684)**

We also remind you that when the Department of Motor Vehicles notifies you that an elector of your town has moved out of your town, you may, on any day except the day of a primary or election, send the Notice of Removal (ED-684) to such elector and immediately remove such name from both the active and inactive registry and enrollment lists. The prescribed form for this ED-684 has not been amended since we mailed it to all registrars on June 3, 1998. In this connection we are enclosing a copy of our Handout (Rev. 6/28/98) summarizing the procedure to follow when you receive Changes of Address from DMV.

**Removal from Registry List Without Notice**

We also remind you that whenever you have information that an elector has died, whenever an elector confirms in writing that he has moved out of your town, or whenever you receive a cancellation form, you may remove such elector from both the active and inactive registry and enrollment lists without sending any notice, and this may be done on any day except election or primary day. (Some registrars send informal letters requesting confirmation of a move, and if this results in a written response by the elector admitting that he no longer resides in town, his name is removed from the registry lists.)

**Towns Holding Town Elections on May 4, 2009 will add very few to "Inactive"**

Under Conn. Gen. Stat. Sec. 9-32, the Towns of Andover, Bethany, Bolton, Naugatuck, Union and Woodbridge need not conduct a canvass in 2009 because they hold town elections in May. Therefore for the May 4, 2009 election these towns will add very few names to the "Inactive" registry list which they had for the November 4, 2008 State Election. The only names which these towns will add to their November 4, 2008 "Inactive" list will be names of persons who meet the following criteria:

- (1) they applied on a mail-in application,
- (2) their Notice of Approval came back undeliverable,
- (3) Notice of Confirmation of Voting Residence was sent to them, and,
- (4) they did not respond to the Notice of Confirmation of Voting Residence within 30 days.

All other towns must conduct a canvass in 2009 because they hold town elections in November.

If you have any questions, please feel free to contact us at (860) 500-6100.

Sincerely,

SUSAN BYSIEWICZ  
Secretary of the State

By: 

Theodore E. Bromley  
Staff Attorney

Enclosures  
cc: Printers of Record  
(01mas111200912104canvass.doc1p.1-4)(Canvass of Electors, Canvass-by-mail)

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Municipalities which have 1% or more of their total population, but no less than 500 persons, of Hispanic origin -- municipalities with a significant Hispanic population.

*Bloomfield	Naugatuck
Bridgewater	New Britain
Bristol	New Haven
*Cheshire	New London
Danbury	*Newington
*Derby	Norwalk
East Hartford	Norwich
*East Haven	Shelton
*Enfield	*Southington
Hartfield	Stamford
*Glastonbury	Stratford
Greenwich	*Trumbull
Groton	*Vernon
*Hamden	Wallingford
Hartford	Waterbury
Manchester	West Hartford
*Mansfield	West Haven
Meriden	*Westport
Middletown	Windham
Milford	*Windsor

Towns added on basis of the Election Division's computations from 2001 census data.  
(as of 2/97, including 1990 census data)

Gynassini 200911-09/canvassidoc/p.5

### Changes of Address from DMV

Under Conn. Gen. Stat. §9-191, any change of address form submitted to the Department of Motor Vehicles (DMV) for purposes of a driver's license shall serve as notification of a change of address for voter registration purposes unless the person states on the form that the change of address is not for voter registration purposes. The DMV notifies you of names of persons whose residence address was in your town and who have now changed their residence address.

With regard to change of address, the DMV notifies only the registrars of voters of the town of the former residence. The DMV notifies you of: Name, Birth Date, Former Residence Address (in your town), New Residence Address, and Date of Address Change Transaction.

1. If you do not have an elector with that name and birth date on your active or inactive registry list, you may disregard that portion of the DMV notice.
2. If you do have an elector with that name and birth date on your active or inactive registry list, and if the new address is also within your town, you shall enter the name of such elector on the registry list at the place where he then resides. (If the name was on the inactive list, enter the name on the active list at the new address.) No notice to the elector is necessary. The portion of the DMV form which you used to change an address of an elector in your town must be kept as a public record for two years under Section 3(c)(1) of the National Voter Registration Act of 1993.

If you do have an elector with that name and birth date on your active or inactive registry list, and if the new address is outside your town, you must completely remove the elector's name from the registry list (do not place it on the "inactive" list) and send to the elector the prescribed Form ED-684, Notice of Removal and Return Form Requesting Restoration to Voters' List, and a Mail-in Voter Registration Application which can be used by the elector to apply for admission as an elector in the new town. Beginning July 1, 1998, you have two options:

- (a) send the Notice of Removal and Mail-in voter Application by forwardable mail directly to the elector's current address in the new town, or
- (b) send the Notice of Removal and Mail-in voter Application by forwardable mail to the elector's former address on the registry list. If this Notice and Application are returned undeliverable, you must then mail this Notice and Application package to the elector's address in the new town.

There is no requirement that you provide return postage for the elector in these situations. If the elector does not complete and return this restoration form to you by election or primary day, his name may be restored on election day if the polling place calls the Office of the Registrars of Voters and receives approval of both Registrars (or one in a primary) for accepting an application for restoration.

You must provide your town with quantities of Notice of Removal and Return Form Requesting Restoration to Voters' List, using the prescribed language. You must retain in your office a duplicate copy or electronic record of each notice sent. This Notice of Removal should be kept for five years after the name is no longer on the active registry list (Conn. Gen. Stat. §§9-20 and 9-35).

The Notice of Removal (ED-684) is used only in connection with information received from DMV. There is a different notice of Confirmation of Voting Residence (ED-642) used when you obtain information in a canvass that an elector has moved.

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Sample E

## IMPORTANT NOTICE TO VOTERS

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After you enter the polling place, state law now requires poll workers to ask you to **show a photo ID** before signing the poll list and casting a ballot.

Your photo ID must meet the following requirements:

1. **Show your name**, which must conform to the name on your voter registration record; (Conform does NOT mean identical)
2. **Show your photograph;**
3. **Include an expiration date** indicating the document has not yet expired (or expired *after* November 7, 2006, the date of the last General Election); and
4. Be issued by the **United States** or the **State of Indiana**.

NOTE: The address on your photo ID does NOT need to match the address on your voter registration record.

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## CHECK NOW TO MAKE SURE YOU HAVE YOUR PHOTO ID WITH YOU

If you do not have your photo ID with you, you may still enter this polling place and vote by "provisional ballot." Talk to a poll worker for more information.

